The Generalized Estimating Equations for the Unknown Correlation Structure of the Data

By Md. Soyebur Rahman, Shayla Naznin & Gowranga Kumar Paul

Jahangirnagar University

Abstract- In many study the data are taken different period of time and the information about them is gathered relating to an event of concern at different time periods. The data are taken different time period are correlated. Regression analysis based on the Generalized Estimating Equation (GEE) is an increasing important method of such data. The Generalized Estimating Equation is an important and widely used approach in such analysis. Since the true correlation is unknown GEE offers to take a working correlation for analysis. In our study we consider four common correlation structure namely, independent, exchangeable, pair wise, autoregressive.

In the study the data are taken from the Dhaka stock exchange (DSE) this data are highly correlated. At first we apply different methods of estimating parameter the we apply GEE for estimating the parameters. Finally we get the GEE gives better estimate than any other method.

Keywords: generalized estimating equation, GEE, OLS, GLM.

GJCST-G Classification : G.1.5, G.1.6

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The Generalized Estimating Equations for the Unknown Correlation Structure of the Data

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Abstract- In many study the data are taken different period of time and the information about them is gathered relating to an event of concern at different time periods. The data are taken different time period are correlated. Regression analysis based on the Generalized Estimating Equation (GEE) is an increasing important method of such data. The Generalized Estimating Equation is an important and widely used approach in such analysis. Since the true correlation is unknown GEE offers to take a working correlation for analysis. In our study we consider four common correlation structure namely, independent, exchangeable, pair wise, autoregressive.

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I. Introduction

The term Generalized Estimating Equations indicates that an estimating equation is not the result of a likelihood-based derivation, but that it is obtained by generalizing other estimating equation. Liang and Zeger (1986), Zeger and Liang (1986) and prentice (1988) developed a most recent method of estimating the parameters of the marginal model. They present a class of estimating equations that take the correlation into account to increase the efficiency. This class of estimating equations is called Generalized Estimating Equations (GEE) and the correlation matrix is called working correlation matrix. The name working is used in the sense that it is an approximate correlation matrix of $Y_i$’s (the response variable).The estimates of $\beta$ obtained by GEE are consistent and in addition consistent variance estimates can be obtained under the weak assumption the weighted average of the estimated correlation matrices converge to a fixed matrix.

II. Data Analysis

The stock exchange data are highly correlated from one company to other company.

In our study, we have used stock exchange data because, we want to compare the different method of estimation. We have taken six company and their closing price and the general index in 2009 of DSE. In our calculation we have taken general index as an explanatory variable and the different company closing price as a independent variable. We want to estimate the following model

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1X_1 + \beta_2X_2 + \ldots + \beta_6X_6$$

where,

$y$ = DSE general index 2009
$X_1$ = Aims first guaranteed mutual fund
$X_2$ = ACI Pharmaceuticals Limited
$X_3$ = Glasco Smith-kline Bangladesh Limited
$X_4$ = Beximco Pharmaceuticals Limited
$X_5$ = Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited
$X_6$ = Bata Shoe Company (Bangladesh) Limited.

Calculation of the model (1) in the different methods as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coefficients</th>
<th>Standard Error</th>
<th>t Stat</th>
<th>P-value</th>
<th>Lower 95%</th>
<th>Upper 95%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intercept</td>
<td>-101.01708</td>
<td>-0.413341</td>
<td>0.679737</td>
<td>-582.5174</td>
<td>380.48328</td>
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<td>X Variable 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>X Variable 2</td>
<td>-7.917902</td>
<td>-7.40785</td>
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<td>-10.02375</td>
<td>-5.8120506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X Variable 3</td>
<td>2.2945252</td>
<td>5.766449</td>
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<tr>
<td>X Variable 4</td>
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<td>8.508947</td>
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<tr>
<td>X Variable 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>X Variable 6</td>
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<td>1.955042</td>
<td>0.051774</td>
<td>-0.012625</td>
<td>3.2698144</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Author a: Jahangirnagar University, Savar, Dhaka. e-mail: soyebur.rahman@gmail.com
Author o: Lecturer, Department of Statistics, Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University.
Author p: Assistant Professor, Department of Statistics, Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University.
### III. Summary and Conclusion

Selection of correlation structure is an important issue in Generalized Estimating Equation (GEE). We have earlier stated that there are four correlation structure namely, independent, exchangeable, autoregressive and pair wise. One needs to select under which correlation structure is unknown GEE works well or provides efficient estimate in several situation.

We have concentrated on standard error as a measure of accuracy for an estimator of the parameter. So in this case, we look only on the standard error under different correlation structure of different methods of estimation procedure.

In this study we consider stock exchange data, this data are highly correlated.

In the previous situation, we see that the standard error of the parameters of the GEE method is lowest than any other method. From this study we may conclude that from different method of estimation the GEE parameters are gives the efficient estimate and best approach.

### References Références Referencias